FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	ONIT <u>IVC/HLA</u> DWG ND. <u>2294819-506.508/</u> <u>2307088-503</u> SHEET <u>1</u> OF <u>9</u>			
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE				
ris limit switch fails shorted.	Unable to control the opening of the lens iris.	DESIGN FEATURES				
witch failure Marst Case: Loss of mission critical video		The TVC/tens Assembly is comprised of 16 electrical subassemblies; 13 subassemblies are RCA Astro designed and fabricated using standard printed-circuit board type of construction. The remaining three assemblies, high voltage power supply, oscillator, and stepper motors, are vendor supplied components which have been specified and purchased according to RCA Specification Control Drawings (SCOs) prepared by engineering and reliability assurance. Specifications per the SCO are prepared to establish the design, performance, test, qualification, and acceptance requirements for a procured piece of equipment.				
		Parts, materials, processes, and design guidelines for the Shuttle CCTV program are specified in accordance with RCA 2295503. This document defines the program requirements for selection and control of EEE parts. To the maximum extent, and consistent with availability, all parts have been selected from military specifications at the JAN level, as a minimum. In addition to the overall selection criteria, a subset of general purpose preferred parts has been defined by this document and the RCA Government Systems Division Standard Parts List. In the case of the CMOS and III family of microcircuits, devices are screened and tested to the HIL-SID-883C equivalent and procured under the designations of HI-REL/3WQ and SNC 54LS from RCA-SSO and Texas Instruments Corp, respectively. Parts not included in the above documents have been used in the design only after a nonstandard item approval form (NSIAF) has been prepared, submitted to Reliability Assurance Engineering (RAE) and approved for use in the specific application(s) defined in the MSIAF by MASA-JSC.				
		Morst-Case Circuit Analyses have been performed and do designs to demonstrate that sufficient operating margi conditions. The analysis was worst case—in that the v parameters was set to limits that will drive the outpu	ns exist for all operating alue for each of the variable			
		A component application review and analysis was conductoress on each piece part by the temperature extremes qualification testing does not exceed the stress derait 2295503.	identified with environmental			
	!	In addition, an objective examination of the design was CDR to verify that the TVC/Lens assembly met specificaments.	s performed through a PDR and tion and contractual require-			
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FMEA NO. 2.3.6.4 CRITICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRIFICAL ITEMS LIST	ONTT
FACLURE HODE AMD CAUSE ris limit swich fails shorted. AA witch Fallure	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Unable to control the opeing of the lens iris. Horst Case: Loss of mission critical camera video.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE DESIGN FEATURES (Continued) The general arrangement of the lens assembly is to provimotor, and circuit board package which can accommodate valences. Emphasis is placed on accessibility of the lens limit stops. Components within the lens assembly have the MLA, CLA, and WLA assemblies. The lens housing structure is a une-piece tasting design provide a rugged dimensionally stable mounting for the circ is in the form of a right angle. The vertical member is in the form of a right angle. The vertical member for the camera and the horizontal member supports the driving the lens function circuit boards in a cavity on the Lens Function Drive Irai. The iris, zoom, and focus drives are identical in conceptioner gear ratio in the iris train to provide the 2.8-so bility accessary for the ALC operation. The table (on next page) shows the drive train parameter for the three lens functions. The motor/gear heads are mounted on the lens housing ratic the desired lens interchangeability for the Shuttle miss actual lenses. Various types of motors were considered for this applicate weight, control-circuit complexity, command capability, brushless and stepper-motor types fit the package and pubeling preferred because of its simplicity, reliability, The selected stapper motor (a size-8, Alnico-9 pole-pies is mated with a spur train gearhead. Both units are mand 48-dlametral-pitch (48-OP) spur gear on the gearhead with the gears which are a part of the zoom, focus, and lens gear.	various commercially available s, its drive components, and need to minimize machining and splical components. The housing sterfaces with the front surface ive motors on the upper surface e woderside. in pt; the only difference is the econd and-to-end travel capa- rs with overall torque margins ther than on the lens, to permit sion with minimum impact on the ation, trading off size, power, and qualification status. The ower requirements, the latter and space-qualified status. ce, permanent-magnet stepper) nufactured by Monaco Motor Co. output shaft meshes directly
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FMEA NO			CRIT	HUTTLE CCI IECAL ETEMS	TV S LEST				₩₩. 2294819-5 2307088-5 ₩	<u>503 </u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Iris limit switch fails shorted. MLA	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Unable to control the opening of the leas iris.	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPYANCE DESIGN FEATURES (Continued) LENS ORIVE TRAIN PARAMETERS								
MA Switch Failure	Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	Orive	Component	Travel (dagrees)	Time End- to-End (seconds)	Input Torque (oz-in)	Ratio Mo. or Teeth	Efficiency (%)	Loss Torque (az-in)	Net Torque (az-in)
	-	Zaun	Motor Gearhead Gearhead Gutput Gear Leas Guar	150	6.6	- 0.27 18.4	76:1 50 156	- 80 96	3.7 2.2 ID.D Tarque 5.2	6.27 18.4 52.0 Margi#
		Focus	Motor Gearhead Gearhead Output Gear Lens Gear	282	7.5	- 0.27 10.3	- 40:1 50 156	86	2.6 1.3 10.0 Torque	0.27 10.3 30.6 Hargin
		,lris	Mutor Gearhead Gearhead Output Gear Lens Gear	105	2.8	- B.27	- 48:1 50 156	80	2.6 1.3 5.0 Torque	0.27 10.3 30.6 Hargin

FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>IVCALA</u> ONG NO. 2294819-506,508/ 2307068-503 SHEET <u>4</u> OF 9				
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE is limit switch fails shorted. A itch Failure Morst Case: Loss of mission critical video.		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE					
		The CCTV systems' WLA is subjected directly, with a used in their normal installation, to the following with their normal with their normal with their normal with their normal with the pressure of 100-5 for follows: 125° F: Time to stablize of 12	ithout vibration isolators which might pollowing testing: Ise from 0.01 G ² /Hz ct-slope ar Axis rr, the temperature shall be as equipment plus 1 hour example (A7A1) panel switch. Camera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command 's ability to produce video, the VSU's ety to display video. A similar test ath. Substination and the camera under enthis indicates that the camera en				
		synchronized video. 6. Send Pan, Tilt, Focus, Zoom, DLR, AND via the monitor or direct observation 7. Select downlink as destination and ca	Gamma commands and visually (eith) verify operation. mera under test as source. HS panel.				

FHEA NO. 2.3.6.4		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITECAL ETEHS LIST	UNIT TVC/W A DHG NO. 2294819-506,508/ 2307088-503 SHEET 5 OF 9
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Iris limit switch fails shorted. WIA Switch Failure FAILURE EFFECT ON FND ITEM Unable to control the opening of the lens iris. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical widen.		Procurement Control — The TVC/MLA EEE Parts and hardwarn approved vendors and suppliers, which meet the requirem contract and quality Plan Hork Statement (MS-2593176). review all procurement documents to establish the need (PAI 517). Incoming Inspection and Storage — Incoming Quality inspectived materials and parts. Results are recorded by drawing and control numbers for future reference and the are subjected to incoming acceptance tests as called for Inspection Fest Instructions. Incoming flight parts are accordance with RCA 1846684 — Preconditioning and Accept Electronic Parts, with the exception that DPA and PIND Hachanical items are inspected per PAI 316 — Incoming In RAI 612 — Procedure for Processing Incoming or Purchase Flight Use. Accepted Items are delivered to Material C retained under specified conditions until fabrication i materials are held for Material Review Board (MRB) disp PAI 10C 531). Board Assembly & Iest — Prior to the start of WLA board to be correct by stock room personnel, as the items are items are verified again by the operator who assembles as-built-parts-list (ABPL). DCAS Mandatory Inspection printed circuit, wire wrap and welded wire boards, plusing mirroy, crimping, solder splices and quality workna component side of boards and sieeving of harnesses. Sp assembly drawing notes and applicable documents called and record (FPR-2387488) and Parts List PL 2307888. In 2303349, Notes — wide angle zoom lens assy 2303191, Propotting, encapsulating 2280878, Specification — Urethan Horkmanship Spec 8030035. TVC Assembly and Iest — An open box test is performed pance Test per TP-AT-2294819, including vibration and the specified and witnessed, traceablitty numbers are recordenced prior to use. RCA Quality and DEAS inspections of specified fPR operations in accordance with PAI 204, DCAS personnel witness TVC button-up and critical torquits.	e items are procured from ents set forth in the CCTV Resident DCAS personnel for GSI on selected parts ections are made on all lot and retained in file by aceability. All EEE parts r in PAI 315 - Incoming e further processed in tance Requirements for testing is not performed. espection Instructions for spection Instruction, and d Parts Designated for outrolled Stores and s required. Non-conforming estiton. (PAI 307, assembly, all items are verified accumulated to form a kit. The the kit by checking against the Points are designated for all harmess connectors for solder— estic instructions are given in out in the fabrication procedure ese include wire connection list cass Standard - bending staking, ese protective coating 2280877 and er IP-IT-2294819, and an Accept— ermal vacuum. Torques are eded and calibrated tools are are performed at the completion PAI 205, PAI 206 and PAI 217.
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FMEA NO. <u>2.3.6.4</u> CRITICALITY <u>2/2</u>	<u></u>	SHUTTLE CCTV CAITICAL ITEMS LIST	DNIT TVC/HLA DWG NO. 2294819-506.508/ 2307088-583 SWEET 6 0F 9			
FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE				
CAITICALITY 2/2		QA/INSPECTION (Continued) WIA Assembly and Isst - An open box test is performed itest per IP-AT-2307088. Torques are specified and with recorded and calibrated tools are checked prior to use tions are performed at the completion of specified FPR PAI 204, PAI 205, PAI 217 and PAI 402. DEAS personnel critical torquing. IVE/MIA Assembly and Test - After a TVC and a WIA have they are mated and a final acceptance test is performed wibration and thermal vacuum environments. REA and DEA tests and review the acceptance test data/results. The after all repair, rework and retest. Preparation for Shipment - the TVC and NIA are separate fabrication and testing is complete. Each is packaged and 2280746, Process standard for Packaging and Handlindocumentation including assembly drawings. Parts List, gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned is This folder is retained for reference. An EIOP is predacting, packaging, packing and marking, and review the accuracy.	per IP-II-230J088. Acceptance messed, traceability numbers are. RCA Quality and DCAS inspectoperations in accordance with witness WLA button-up and been tested individually, is per IP-AI-2294819, including as personnel monitor these personnel also inspect ed prior to skipment after according to CCIV tetter 8011 ag guidelines. All related ABPL, Test Data, etc., is perifically to each assembly. Pared for each assy in C and DCAS personnel witness			

FMEA NO. 2.3.6.4 CRETICALITY 2/2 FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Tris limit switch fails shorted. Unable to control the		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL LIENS LIST	UNIT TYC/MLA DNG NO. 2294819-506.508/ 2307088-503 SHEET 8 OF 9
		RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE	
Iris limit switch fails shorted. WLA Switch failure	FAILURE EFFECT ON END FTEM Unable to control the opening of the lens iris. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	FAILURE HESTORY NOME.	
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FMEA NO		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT <u>TVC/HLA</u> DWG NO. <u>2294819-506,508/</u> 2307088-503 SHEET <u>9</u> OF <u>9</u>
FAILURE MODE AND CAUSE Iris Timit switch fails shorted. WEA Switch failure	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM Unable to control the opening of the lens iris. Harst Case: Loss of missiam critical video.	OPERATIONAL EFFECTS Loss of video. Possible loss of major mission of or other required cameras. CREW ACTIONS If possible, continue RHS operations using alternations are alternationally as a continue of the continue of t	bjectives due to loss of RMS cameras notive visual cues. ves to CCTV.
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